

City of Lefors, Texas
Annual Financial Report
for the Year Ended September 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1 4
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements:	10 11
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	12 13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	14
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	15 16
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund Notes to the Financial Statements	17 18 19
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of Contributions Schedule of Changes in OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of City's OPEB contributions	36 37 39 41 42
OTHER INFORMATION Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable	43
OVERALL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROLS SECTION: Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	44 45 46

Denise Foster C.P.A. Tracy Lambert C.P.A. April Foard C.P.A. 330 Main, P.O. Box 7 Childress, Texas 79201 940-937-8681

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mayor and City Council City of Lefors P. O. Box 185 Lefors, Texas 79054

Members of the Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Lefors, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Lefors, Texas, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Lefors, Texas, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Lefors, Texas's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lefors, Texas's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Lefors, Texas's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate those charged with governance regarding, amount other matters, the planned scope and timing of audit, significant auditing findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-8; schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios; schedule of contributions; schedule of changes in OPEB liability and related ratios and schedule of City's OPEB contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 23, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Lefors, Texas's internal control over financial reporting and

on our rests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lefors, Texas's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Lefors, Texas's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Faster Tambert : Fourd UC.

Foster, Lambert & Foard, LLC March 23, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Within this section of the City of Lefors (City) annual financial report, the City's management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosure following this section. The discussion focused on the City's primary government.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the City-wide statement of financial position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the City would extend to other non-financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of City infrastructure in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the City's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as grants, from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, public safety, public services, education, and culture and recreation. Business-type activities include water utilities, and solid waste management.

The City's financial reporting entity includes the funds of the City (primary government). Most of these legally separate organizations operate like City departments or are governed by a board of trustees wholly comprised of the City's Mayor and Council.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

The City has two kinds of funds:

Governmental funds-Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These uses modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds-The City reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the City) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (one category of proprietary funds) are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but contain more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

Major funds are reported in the basic financial statements as discussed. Combining and individual statements and schedules for non-major funds are presented in a subsequent section of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

The following table provides a summary of the City's net position at September 30, 2022.

SUMMARY OF NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ		Totals		
	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	
Current and other assets Capital assets-net Total assets	\$ 837,078 <u>85,024</u> <u>922,102</u>	\$ 683,979 <u>86,044</u> <u>770,023</u>	\$ 308,832 <u>835,588</u> 1,144,420	\$ 204,166 1,231,599 1,435,765	\$ 333,503 920,612 1,254,115	\$ 888,145 	
Deferred outflows	3,419	2,768	5,347	4,328	8,766	7,096	
Other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	6,052 2,502 8,554	18,232 1,549 19,781	83,562 521,496 605,058	100,786 550,389 651,175	89,614 523,998 613,612	119,018 551,938 670,956	
Deferred inflows	2,465	3,301	3,856	5,161	6,321	8,462	
Net position: Net investment in							
capital assets	85,024	86,044	318,006	683,633	689,924	769,677	
Restricted	812,407	650,618	-	_	812,407	650,618	
Unrestricted – (Deficit)	17,071	13,047	_222,847	100,124	(46,976)	113,171	
Total net position	\$ 914,502	\$ 749,709	\$ 540,853	\$ 783,757	<u>\$ 1,455,355</u>	\$ 1,533,466	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		Governmental Business Activities Activi				Totals	
	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	
Revenues:							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 9,127	\$ 12,130	\$ 641,779	\$ 623,268	\$ 650,906	\$ 635,398	
Operating grants and							
Contributions	79,145	118	-	-	79,145	118	
Capital Grants and	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				90-300 9 000 100000		
Contributions	29,415	10,879	~	-	29,415	10,879	
General revenues		,			20000	50 miles - ***********************************	
Property taxes	71,572	71,065	-	_	71,572	71,065	
Franchise taxes	18,887	16,839	-	-	18,887	16,839	
Sales taxes	28,421	31,971	_	-	28,421	31,971	
Interest income	152	2,609	-	-	152	2,609	
Other income	4,467	12,789		60,451	4,467	73,240	
Total revenues	241,186	158,400	641,779	683,719	882,965	842,119	
Expenses:							
General government	1,174	4,808	-	-	1,174	4,808	
Administration	271,277	246,587	-	-	271,277	246,587	
Public safety	1,878	14,811	-	_	1,878	14,811	
Water, Sewer, Sanitation	-	-	390,006	403,424	390,006	403,424	
Gas operations			82,500	94,378	82,500	94,378	
Total expenses	274,329	266,206	472,506	497,802	746,835	764,008	
Increase (decrease) in net							
assets before transfers	(33,143)	(107,806)	169,273	185,917	136,130	78,111	
Transfers In (Out)	116,351	(56,987)	_(116,351)	56,987		_	
Change in net position	83,208	(164,793)	52,922	242,904	136,130	78,111	
Beginning net position	823,595	914,502	427,007	540,853	1,250,602	1,455,355	
Prior period adjustment	7,699		60,924		68,623	-	
Ending net position	\$ 914,502	\$ 749,709	\$ 540,853	\$ 783,757	\$1,455,355	\$ 1,533,466	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$659,014. Of this year-end total, the city had unrestricted funds totaling \$8,396.

The total ending fund balances of governmental funds showed an decrease of \$167,324 from current year activity.

Proprietary funds

Proprietary Funds - Revenues of the City's business-type activities were \$683,719 which consisted mostly of water, gas, sewer, and sanitation system charges. Water, gas, sewer, and sanitation system revenues for the year ended September 30, 2022, exceeded expenses by \$185,917.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund budgeted expenditures for fiscal year 2022 were \$223,500.

The General Fund budget complied with financial policies approved by the City Council and maintained core City services.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its government-wide activities as of September 30, 2022, amounts to \$1,317,643 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, and improvements.

Capital Assets at Year-end (Net of Depreciation)

	Acti	ernmental ivities 021	Acti	rnmental vities 022	Busin ty Activ 20	pe vities	Busin typ Activ 202	e ities	otal 021		Total 2022
Land	\$	16,938	\$	16,938	\$	~	\$	~	\$ 16,938	\$	16,938
Improvements		-			7	96,135	97	4,209	796,135		974,209
Buildings		33,600		31,200		-		-	33,600		31,200
Equipment	-	34,486		37,906		39,453	25	57,390	73,939		295,296
Totals	\$	85,024	\$	86,044	\$ 8	35,588	\$ 1,23	31,599	\$ 920,612	\$1	,317,643

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Debt

At year-end, the City had long term debt of \$617,582, as shown below:

Outstanding Debt at Year-end

	Governm Activit 2021	ies	Governme Activiti 2022	ies	iness-type ctivities 2021	Business-typ Activities 2022	e	Total 2021	Total 2022
Notes payable Certificates of	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 230,688	\$ 288,0	71 \$	230,688	\$ 288,071
Obligation Total	\$		\$		\$ 331,199 561,887	329,5 \$ 617,5	morphisms .	331,199 \$ 561,887	329,511 \$ 617,582

Economic Factors and Next Year

Budgeted revenues for the general fund for the 2022-23 year are up \$3,618 from the 2021-22 final budget, while expenditures are up by \$30,353.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the City's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the City of Lefors, P.O. Box 383, Lefors, Texas, 79054.

CITY OF LEFORS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-type			
	Activities	Activities	Total		
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,820	\$ 153,406	\$ 166,226		
Receivables (net of allowances	φ 12,020	φ 133,400	Ψ 100,220		
for uncollectibles)	18,504	41,374	59,878		
Restricted assets;	10,504	71,077	00,070		
Cash and cash equivalents	650,618	6,200	656,818		
Net pension asset	2,037	3,186	5,223		
Capital assets (net of accumulated	2,001	0,100			
depreciation):					
Land	16,938		16,938		
Buildings and systems	31,200	974,209	1,005,409		
Equipment	37,906	257,390	295,296		
2					
Total assets	770,023	1,435,765_	2,205,788		
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Pension-related outflows	2,470	3,863	6,333		
OPEB-related outflows	298	465	763		
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,768	4,328	7,096		
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and other					
current liabilities	13,954	20,964	34,918		
Accrued wages payable	4,278	4,006	8,284		
Utility meter deposits	-,270	6,200	6,200		
Notes payable - current	-	67,911	67,911		
Certificate of obligation - current	-	1,705	1,705		
· ·					
Total current liabilities	18,232	100,786	119,018		
Noneconnect Establisher					
Noncurrent liabilities:		220.460	220.460		
Notes payable - long term Certificate of obligation- long term		220,160 327,806	220,160 327,806		
Net OPEB liability	1,549	2,423	3,972		
Net Of EB hability	1,040	2,425	0,072		
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,549	550,389	551,938		
Total liabilities	19,781	651,175	670,956		
Deferred Inflores of Beauty					
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension-related inflows	2.074	4.907	7 001		
OPEB-related inflows	3,074	4,807 354	7,881 581		
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,301	5,161	8,462		
Total deletted itiliows of festurces	3,301	5,101	0,402		
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	86,044	943,528	1,029,572		
Restricted	650,618	var. som volkkriste	650,618		
Unrestricted	13,047	(159,771)	(146,724)		
Total net position	\$ 749,709	\$ 783,757	\$ 1,533,466		

CITY OF LEFORS, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

e and ion it	Total	\$ 1,827 (246,174) (14,811) 16,079 (243,079)	99,814 25,652 125,466 (117,613)	71,065 16,839 31,971 2,609 73,240 - 195,724 78,111 1,455,355 \$ 1,533,466
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government	Business-type Activities	ω	99,814 25,652 125,466 125,466	60,451 56,987 117,438 242,904 540,853 \$ 783,757
Net (Ch	Governmental Activities	\$ 1,827 (246,174) (14,811) 16,079	(243,079)	71,065 16,839 31,971 2,609 12,789 (56,987) 78,286 (164,793) 914,502 \$ 749,709
Capital	Grants and Contributions	10,879	10,879	
Program Revenues Operating	Grants and Contributions	. 11 81	1 1 00	fers
	Charges for Services	\$ 6,635 295 - 5,200 12,130	503,238 120,030 623,268 635,398	aneral revenues: Property taxes Sales tax Franchise taxes Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous income Transfers Total general revenues and transfers Change in net positin Net position - October 1 Net position - September 30
	Expenses	\$ 4,808 246,587 14,811 -	403,424 94,378 497,802 764,008	General revenues: Property taxes Sales tax Franchise taxes Unrestricted investment earr Miscellaneous income Transfers Total general revenues an Change in net positin Net position - October 1 Net position - September 30
	Functions/Programs	Primary Government Governmental activities: Judicial Financial administration Police Cemetery Total governmental activities	Business-type activities: Water, Sewer and Sanitation Gas Fund Total business-type activities Total primary government	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		2022					
		Capital	Total				
	General	Project	Government				
	Fund	Fund	Funds				
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,820	\$ -	\$ 12,820				
Receivables (net of allowances	10.501		10.504				
for uncollectibles) Restricted assets;	18,504	-	18,504				
Cash and cash equivalents	84,679	565,939	650,618				
Cash and Cash equivalents	04,079	505,959	030,010				
Total assets	\$ 116,003	\$ 565,939	\$ 681,942				
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS							
AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and other							
current liabilities	13,954	51	13,954				
Accrued wages payable	4,278		4,278				
Total liabilities	18,232	<u> </u>	18,232				
Deferred inflows:							
Property tax revenue	4,696		4,696				
Fund balances:							
Restricted for:							
Financial administration	70,733		70,733				
Security	1,980	-	1,980				
Technology	1,048	-	1,048				
Capital projects	-	565,939	565,939				
Assigned:			22.22				
Cemetery	10,918	-	10,918				
Unassigned	8,396	-	8,396				
Total fund balances	93,075	565,939	659,014				
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 116,003	\$ 565,939	\$ 681,942				

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 659,014
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$201,977 and the accumulated depreciation was \$116,953. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase (decrease) net assets.	85,024
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases to capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2022 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position	7,000
The 2022 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.	(5,980)
Included in the items related to liabilities is the recognition of the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$2,037, a deferred resource inflow related to TMRS in the amount of \$3,074 and a deferred resource outflow related to TMRS in the amount of \$2,470. The net affect of this is to decrease net position.	1,433
Included in the items related to liabilities is the recognition of the City's proportionate share of the OPEB liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$1,549, a deferred resource inflow related to OPEB in the amount of \$227, and a deferred resource outflow related to OPEB in the amount of \$298. The net affect of this is to decrease net position.	(1,478)
Property tax and fines receivables are not available for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	4,696
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 749,709

CITY OF LEFORS, TEXASSTATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		2022				
		Capital	Total			
	General	Projects	Government			
_	Fund	Fund	Funds			
Revenues						
Taxes:	0 71057		0 74.057			
Property	\$ 71,057		\$ 71,057			
Sales	16,839		16,839			
Franchise	31,971		31,971			
Cemetary revenue	5,200		5,200			
Grants and contributions	10,997		10,997			
Fines and forfeitures	6,635		6,635			
Investment earnings	73		2,609			
Other revenues	13,084		13,084			
Total revenues	155,856	2,536	158,392			
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government:						
Judicial	4,808		4,808			
Financial administration	249,110	-	249,110			
Police	14,811	-	14,811			
Total expenditures	268,729		268,729			
Excess of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(112,873	2,536	(110,337)			
Other financing sources (uses)						
Operating transfers net	118,753	(175,740)	(56,987)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	118,753		(56,987)			
Net change in fund balance	5,880	(173,204)	(167,324)			
Fund balance - October 1	87,195	739,143	826,338			
Fund balance - September 30	\$ 93,075	\$ 565,939	\$ 659,014			

CITY OF LEFORS, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ (167,324)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	1,020
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds. The current-year change recognized in the government-wide financial statements is \$8. This results in a increase in net assets.	8
The implementation of GASB 68 & GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource inflows. The City's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for TMRS as of the measurement date had to be amortized. The net effect is to increase net position	1,503
Changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (164,793)

CITY OF LEFORS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		2022	
	Water, Sewer		Total
	and	Gas	Enterprise
	Sanitation	Fund	Funds
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 103,583	\$ 49,823	\$ 153,406
Accounts receivable (net of			
allowance for uncollectibles)	41,374	=	41,374
Restricted assets;	0.000		0.000
Cash and cash equivalents Total current assets	6,200	40.922	6,200 200,980
Total current assets	151,157	49,823	200,980
Noncurrent assets:			
Net pension asset	3,186	2	3,186
Capital assets:			
Improvements	1,662,135	2322	1,662,135
Machinery and equipment	495,790	21,340	517,130
Less accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets	(926,326)	(21,340)	(947,666)
total noncurrent assets	1,234,785_		1,231,599
Total assets	1,385,942	49,823	1,432,579
	-		
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension-related outflows	3,863	+	3,863
OPEB-related outflows	465		465
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,328		4,328
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other			
current liabilities	20,664	300	20,964
Accrued wages payable	4,006	-	4,006
Utility meter deposits	6,200	-	6,200
Notes payable-current	67,911	-	67,911
Certificate of obligation-current Total current liabilities	1,705 100,486	300	1,705 100,786
Total current liabilities	100,400		100,780
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Net OPEB liability	2,423	<u>~</u>	2,423
Notes payable-noncurrent	220,160	-	220,160
Certificate of obligation-noncurrent	327,806		327,806
Total noncurrent liabilities	550,389		550,389
Total liabilities	650,875	300	651,175
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension-related inflows	4,807	-	4,807
OPEB-related inflows	354		354
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,161	-	5,161
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	943,528	_	943,528
Unrestricted	(209,294)	49,523	(159,771)
Total net position	\$ 734,234	\$ 49,523	\$ 783,757

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		2022	
	Water, Sewer		Total
	and	Gas	Enterprise
	Sanitation	Fund	Funds
Operating revenues:			
Charges for sales and services:			
Water	\$ 562,824	\$ -	\$ 562,824
Gas		120,895	120,895
Total operating revenues	562,824	120,895	683,719
Operating expenses:			
Personnel services - salaries and wages	129,536	-	129,536
Personnel services - employee benefits	14,998	-	14,998
Purchased professional & technical services	27,837	-	27,837
Purchased property services	135,743	2,154	137,897
Other operating expenses	19,300	7,022	26,322
Gas purchases		85,202	85,202
Depreciation and amortization	63,065		63,065
Total operating expenses	390,479	94,378	484,857
Operating income	172,345	26,517	198,862
Non-operating revenues (expenses):			
Interest expense	(12,945)		(12,945)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(12,945)		(12,945)
Income before contributions and transfers	159,400	26,517	185,917
Non-operating transfer net	64,701	(7,714)	56,987
Change in net position	224,101	18,803	242,904
Total net position - October 1	510,133	30,720	540,853
Total net position - September 30	\$ 734,234	\$ 49,523	\$ 783,757

CITY OF LEFORS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

THE THE PARTY							
FOR	THE	YEAR	ENDED	SEPTEMBER	30,	2022	

		2022	
	Water, Sewer and Sanitation	Gas Fund	Total Business-type Activities
Cash flows from operating activities	A 504 750	6 405 700	¢ 600 500
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 564,750	\$ 125,782	\$ 690,532
Payments to suppliers	(185,060)	(99,870)	(284,930)
Payments to employees	(146,977)	25.042	(146,977)
Net cash provided by operating activities	232,713	25,912	258,625
Cash flows provided by noncapital			
financing activities			F0.00=
Operating transfers	64,701	(7,714)	56,987
Cash flows from capital and related			
financing activities			
Purchase of equipment	(459,076)		
Interest paid on debt	(12,470)	-	(12,470)
Long-tern debt advances	100,000	-	100,000
Principal paid on long-term debt	(44,305)		(44,305)
Net cash (used) by capital			
and related financing activities	(415,851)		43,225
Cash flows from investing activities			No o an
Receipts (repayment) of customer deposits	2,200	(3,000)	(800)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(116,237)	15,198	(101,039)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	226,020	34,625	260,645
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 109,783	\$ 49,823	\$ 159,606
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$ 172,345	\$ 26,517	\$ 198,862
Depreciation and amortization	63,065	-	63,065
(Increase) decrease in current assets:	i igranici		2 2 4 5
Receivables	1,926	4,887	6,813
Deferred outflow	1,019	Ε.	1,019
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	(2,180)	(5,492)	(7,672)
Postemployment liabilities	(4,677)	-	(4,677)
Deferred inflow	1,305	-	1,305
Accrued wages	(90)	-	(90)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 232,713	\$ 25,912	\$ 258,625

CITY OF LEFORS, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

City of Lefors (the "City") is a Governmental agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a six-member City Council (the "Council") elected by registered voters of the City. The City prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. REPORTING ENTITY:

The City Council (the "Council") is elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the City is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity."

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the City of Lefors nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the City operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the City. Examples include utility charges in the City. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the City to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories - governmental and proprietary.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION:

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The City considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The City considers them "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the City to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Fund Types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

D. FUND ACCOUNTING:

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- 1. The General Fund The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- 2. Capital Projects Fund The capital projects fund is used to account for funds reserved for capital improvements.

Proprietary Funds:

1. Enterprise Funds – The City uses this fund for water, sewer, sanitation, and gas service operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or where the governing body has decided the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

- 1. For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, the City considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.
- 2. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.
- 3. Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years	Capitalization <u>Amount</u>
Land/Land Improvements		Any Amount
Building/Building		
Improvements	50	25,000
Facilities and Other		
Improvements	30	25,000
Infrastructure	35	50,000
Personal	10	5,000
Property/Equipment		
Leasehold Improvements	20	25,000

- 4. Under the GASB 34 reporting rules, governmental entities with gross annual revenues under \$10 million are exempt from reporting infrastructure assets retroactively prior to October 1, 2004. The City has elected to only report their infrastructure assets acquired after October 1, 2004, in regard to their capitalization policy.
- 5. Fund Equity, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:
 - Nonspendable fund balance—amounts that are not in nonspendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
 - Restricted fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as
 grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by
 enabling legislation.
 - Committed fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City itself, using its
 highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., City Council). To be reported as committed, amounts
 cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City takes the same highest level action to remove or
 change the constraint.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

- Assigned fund balance—amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be
 expressed by the City Council or by an official or body to which the City Council delegates the
 authority.
- Unassigned fund balance—amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported
 only in the general fund.

Beginning fund balances for the City's governmental funds have been restated to reflect the above classifications.

The City Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the City Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

- 6. When the City incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first, the unrestricted resources as they are needed.
- 7. The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended September 30, 2022, the government carried insurance through various commercial carriers, including the Texas Municipal League, to cover all risks of losses. The City has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded its commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.
- 8. In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet can report deferred outflows and resources. Deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period which will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that later date. The City has no items that qualify for reporting in this category in the governmental funds. However, for the governmental activities, the amount reported in the category pertains to the City's participation in the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) of \$2,768.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet can report deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and which will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until a later date. The City has property taxes 4,696, that will be recognized in the governmental funds in a future period. For the governmental activities, the amount reported in this category pertains to the City's participation in TMRS 3,301.

9. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles required management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

A. BUDGETARY DATA

The City Council adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund. The City is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures. The City compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 1 the City prepares a budget for the succeeding fiscal year beginning October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Council is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Council. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Council. Amendments are presented to the Council at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Council approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Council, and are not made after fiscal year end.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS:

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

Cash includes demand deposits. The City is authorized to invest its funds under State law in obligations of the United States or its agencies, the State of Texas or its agencies, other obligations which are unconditionally guaranteed by the State of Texas or the United States, obligations of other governmental agencies with a bond rating of not less than AA or its equivalent, and certificates of deposit that are insured by Federal depository insurance and fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements. During the year ended September 30, 2022, the City did not own any investments other than those permitted by statute.

At September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing accounts) was \$823,600 and the bank balance was \$826,347. The City's cash deposits at September 30, 2022, and during the year ended September 30, 2022, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name.

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered cash equivalents.

Deposits of the City can be exposed to risk that has the potential to result in losses. The following is an analysis of those risks:

- Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.
 - The City will minimize credit risk by limiting investments to certain types of securities, pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisers with which the City will do business, and diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security of from any one individual issuer will be minimized. At year-end, the City was not significantly exposed to credit risk.
- Custodial credit risk occurs when deposits are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are
 uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized
 with securities held by the pledging of financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the
 pledging of financial institutions trust department or agent but not in the City's name. At year-end, the City
 was not significantly exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

 Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

To eliminate risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, or class of securities, all cash and cash equivalent assets in all City funds shall be diversified by maturity, issuer, and class of security. At year-end, the City was not significantly exposed to concentration of credit risk related to deposits and investments.

 Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The City will minimize interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity. The City's policy is to not directly invest in securities maturity more than six (6) months from date of purchase. The City will also invest operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limits the average maturity of the portfolio. At year-end, the City was not exposed to interest rate risk.

 Foreign currency risk is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year-end, the city was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the City in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the fiscal year.

C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE:

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund is based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the City is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

D. RECEIVABLES:

Receivables at September 30, 2022, were as follows:

	General Enterprise Fund Fund		Total	
Taxes and assessments Customer-trade Gross receivables	\$ 23,199	\$ - 41,374 41,374	\$ 23,199 41,374 64,573	
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	4,695		4,695	
Net total receivables	<u>\$ 18,504</u>	\$ 41,374	\$ 59,878	

CITY OF LEFORS, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

E. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets in the General Fund and Water and Sewer Fund, held for specific purposes in accordance with legal restrictions, are comprised of the following:

Governmental Fund:	
Financial Administrative	\$ 70,733
Cemetery	10,918
Security and Technology	3,028
Capital Projects	565,939
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 650,618
Proprietary Fund:	
Meter deposits	\$ 6,200

F. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY;

Capital asset activity for the City for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Primary Government				
_	Beginning	Ending			
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance	
Governmental Activities:					
Land	\$ 16,938	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,938	
Buildings and Improvements	120,000	-	_	120,000	
Equipment	65,039	7,000	_	72,039	
Totals at Historic Cost	201,977	7,000	-	208,977	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	(86,400)	(2,400)		(88,800)	
Equipment	(30,553)	(3,580)	-	(34,133)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(116,953)	(5,980)	-	(122,933)	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets,					
Net	\$ 85,024	\$ 1,020	.\$ -	\$ 86,044	

Business-type Activities-Water Sewer					
and Sanitation Department:					
Improvements	\$ 1,438,752	\$ 223,383	\$ -	\$ 1,662,135	
Equipment	260,097	235,693		495,790	
Totals at Historic Cost	1,698,849	459,076	-	2,157,925	
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Improvements	(642,617)	(45,309)	-	(687,926)	
Equipment	(220,644)	(17,756)		(238,400)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(863, 261)	(63,065)		(926, 326)	
Business-type Activities Capital Assets,		*			
Net	\$ 835,588	\$ 396,011	\$	\$ 1,231,599	
Business-type Activities-Gas					
Department:					
Equipment	\$ 21,340	\$	\$ -	\$ 21,340	
Totals at Historic Cost	21,340	-		21,340	
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Equipment	(21,340)	-		(21,340)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(21,340)			(21,340)	
Business-type Activities Capital Assets,	•				
Net	\$	\$	\$	<u>s -</u>	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Administrative services	\$ 5,980
Business-type activities:	
Water, Sewer and Sanitation	\$ 63,065
Gas	 -
Total depreciation expensebusiness-type activities	\$ 63,065

G. LONG-TERM DEBT PAYABLE:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the City for the year ended September 30, 2022

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Increase	Decrease	Balance at End of Year	Due Within One Year
Business-type activities: Notes payable	\$ 230,688	\$ 100,000	\$ 42,617	\$ 288,071	\$ 67,911

At September 30, 2022, the City had a note payable of \$188,071 for repairs to the waste water treatment plant. The note is due in yearly installments of \$51,775, and is accruing interest at 3.62%, with the final payment due February 1, 2026. The note is secured by financing statement collateral.

Annual debt service requirements for the note payable are as follows:

Years Ended		ins	Total
September 30	Principal	Interest	Requirements
Business-type activities:			
2023	44,309	7,466	51,775
2024	46,068	5,707	51,775
2025	47,896	3,879	51,775
2026	49,798	1,977	51,775
Total	\$ 188,071	\$ 19,029	\$ 207,100

At September 30, 2022, the City had a note payable of \$100,000 for a new trash truck. The note is due in yearly installments of \$27,452, and is accruing interest at 3.85%, with the final payment due June 10, 2026. The note is secured by the asset as collateral.

Annual debt service requirements for the note payable are as follows:

Years Ended	Loa	Total	
September 30	Principal	Interest	Requirements
Business-type activities:			
2023	23,602	3,850	27,452
2024	24,510	2,941	27,451
2025	25,454	1,998	27,452
2026	26,434	1,018	27,452
Total	\$ 100,000	\$ 9,807	\$ 109,807

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Balance at Beginning of			Balance at End of	Due Within	
	Year	Increase	Decrease	Year	One Year	
Business-type activities: Certificate of Obligation	\$ 331,199	\$ -	\$ 1,688	\$ 329,511	\$ 1,705	

In May of 2020 the City entered into an agreement with the Texas Water Development Board through Specialized Public Finance to issue Certificates of Obligation in the amount of \$395,000 with an imputed interest rate of 1%. Repayment of the certificates of obligation is due in annual installments, with the final payment due September 30, 2050. These funds are for repairs to the sewer plant.

Annual debt service requirements for notes payable are as follows:

Years Ended	Loa	ins	Total
September 30	Principal	Interest	Requirements
Business-type activities:			
2023	1,705	3,295	5,000
2024	1,722	3,278	5,000
2025	1,739	3,261	5,000
2026	1,757	3,243	5,000
2027	11,774	3,226	15,000
2028-32	60,660	14,340	75,000
2033-37	63,755	11,245	75,000
2038-42	67,007	7,993	75,000
2043-47	70,425	4,575	75,000
2048-50	48,967	1,033	50,000
Total	\$ 329,511	\$ 55,489	\$ 385,000

H. VACATION:

The outstanding liability for vacation and sick leave benefits is not a material factor and is not reflected in these financial statements.

I. RETIREMENT:

Plan Description

The City of Lefors participates as one of 895 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

CITY OF LEFORS, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statues governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

Plan provisions for the City of Lefors were as follows:

Deposit rate:	5%
Matching ratio (to employee)	1 to 1
A member is vested after:	5 years
Service retirement eligibility	60/5, 0/20
Updated service credit	0%
Annuity increase (no retirees)	0% of CPI

Employees covered by benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	0
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	16
Active employees	6
Total	22

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each City is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Lefors were required to contribute 5% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of Lefors were 3.70% and 3.46% in calendar years 2021 and 2022, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$9,398 and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation

2.50% per year

Overall payroll growth

2.75% per year

Investment Rate of Return

6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-district RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. For cities with fewer than twenty employees, more conservative methods and assumptions are used. First, lower termination rates are used for smaller cities, with maximum multipliers of 75% for employers with less than 6 members. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are used with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3-year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, a 3% minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scales BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four year period from December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2014. They were adopted in 2015 and first used in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy annuitants and Annuity Purchase Rate (APRs) are based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. In conjunction with these changes first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, the System adopted the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method and a one-time change to the amortization policy. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate rangers of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time(conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2022 are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Global Equity	35.0%	7.55%
Core Fixed Income	6.0%	2.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	5.68%
Real Return	12.0%	7.22%
Real Estate	12.0%	6.85%
Absolute Return	5.0%	5.35%
Private Equity	10.0%	10.00%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability

Balance at 12/31/2020	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 88,869	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) \$ 84,448	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b) \$ 4,421
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	11,232	:-	11,232
Interest	6,305	×	6,305
Change of benefit terms	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	463	H	463
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions – employer	-	8,261	(8,261)
Contributions – employee	-	8,344	(8,344)
Net investment income	-	11,089	(11,089)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	(2,149)	(2,149)	-
contributions			
Administrative expense	-	(51)	51
Other Changes		-	
Net changes	15,851	25,494	(9,643)
Balance at 12/31/2021	\$ 104,720	\$ 109,943	\$ (5,223)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in	Discount Rate	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate (5.75%)	(6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)
City's net pension liability	\$9,790	\$(5,223)	\$(17,551)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,801.

At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ -	\$ 1,059	
Changes in actuarial assumptions	830	-	
Difference between projected and actual investments earnings	-	5,667	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	5,348		
Total	6,178	6,726	

\$3,074 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:		
2023	\$	(1,668)
2024		(1,980)
2025		(1,149)
2026		(1,099)
2027		-
Thereafter	(4 <u>)</u>	_
Total	_	(5,896)

CITY OF LEFORS, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

J. DEFINED OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Plan Description

The City of Lefors participates in the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund("SDBF"). The SDBF is considered to be a single-employer plan. This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including retirees. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered another postemployment benefit ("OPEB") and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated).

Benefits Provided

The member city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

Employees covered by benefit terms:

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	0
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active employees	<u>6</u>
Total	6

Contributions

The contribution rates for SDBF for the City of Lefors were .12% and .05% in calendar years 2022 and 2021, respectively. The City's contributions to SDBF for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$1,925, and were equal to the required contributions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions

The OPEB liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation

2.50%

Salary increases

3.5% to 11.5% including inflation

Discount rate*

1.84%

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs

40

Administrative expenses

All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and

accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement

No. 68.

Mortality rates – service retirees

2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are

projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Mortality rates – disabled retirees

2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for

future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

Note: The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the OPEB Liability was 1.84%. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The source of the municipal bond rate was fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2021

Sensitivity of the OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 1.84%, as well as what the City's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (.84%) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.84%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in	Discount Rate	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate (.84%)	(1.84%)	Discount Rate (2.84%)
City's OPEB liability	\$ 5,319	\$ 3,972	\$ 2,969

^{*}The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Changes in the OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability (a)		
Balance at 12/31/2020	\$ 1,995		
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	1,802		
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	58		
Change of benefit terms	-		
Difference between expected and actual experience	(73)		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	190		
Benefit payments*			
Net changes	1,977		
Balance at 12/31/2021	\$ 3,972		

^{*}Due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 78, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,869.

At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred (Inflows) of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	525	\$	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		-		707
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		-		
Total	\$	525	\$	707

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:	
2023	\$ 9
2024	9
2025	9
2026	9
2027	2
Thereafter	134
Total	\$ 182

K. HEALTH CARE COVERAGE:

During the fiscal year, the City pays the full medical insurance premium coverage on each of its participating employees. At each employee's discretion, they may also include their spouse or dependents and the employee pays this coverage by a payroll deduction. The City's share of employee health insurance is \$18,182.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

L. DEFERRED REVENUE:

Deferred revenue at year-end consisted of the following:

General Fund

Net Tax Revenue

\$ 4,696

M. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

The City participates in federally assisted grant programs, namely the Texas Community Development Program. This program is subject to program compliance audits by grantors or their representatives. The City is contingently liable on this program for any disallowed cost incurred. At this time, our findings have not disclosed any disallowed cost, and if any is found, the City expects such amounts to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant from time to time in various lawsuits. In the opinion of the City's management, any liabilities resulting from such lawsuits will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

N. INTERFUND TRANSFERS:

Government interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Transi	er in	1 ran	ster Out
General Fund	\$	-	\$	56,987
Enterprise Fund	. 5	6,987	1	_
	\$ 5	6,987	\$	56,987

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues to finance part of the City's debt service, and to move any amount recorded in the inappropriate fund to the correct fund in which the amount should be accounted for.

O. EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGETED AMOUNTS:

During the year ended September 30, 2022, the City had expenditures in excess of the budgeted amount in the General Fund in the following areas:

Judicial	\$ 2,138
Financial administration	37,600
Police	7,811

CITY OF LEFORS, TEXAS GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -**BUDGET AND ACTUAL**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

				20	22			
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual mounts	Fina P	ance with I Budget- ositive egative)
Revenues			-					
Taxes:								
Property	\$	72,000	\$	71,350	\$	71,057	\$	(293)
Sales		16,500		17,550		16,839		(711)
Franchise		21,250		33,310		31,971		(1,339)
Fines and forfeitures		3,000		6,630		6,635		5
Investment earnings		D=				73		73
Other revenues		9,350		19,000		29,281		10,281
Total revenues	-	122,100	-	147,840		155,856		8,016
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government:								
Judicial		3,600		2,670		4,808		(2,138)
Elections		5,000		2,320		-		2,320
Financial administration		218,500		211,510		249,110		(37,600)
Police	500000000000000000000000000000000000000	1,500	150000000000000000000000000000000000000	7,000		14,811		(7,811)
Total expenditures		228,600		223,500		268,729	_	(45,229)
Excess of revenues over								
expenditures		(106,500)		(75,660)		(112,873)		(37,213)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers		106,500		75,660		118,753		43,093
Total other financing sources (uses)		106,500		75,660		118,753		43,093
Net change in fund balance		-		-		5,880		5,880
Fund balance - October 1		87,195		87,195		87,195		
Fund balance - September 30	\$	87,195	\$	87,195	\$	93,075	\$	5,880

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last 10 Year (will ultimately be displayed)

	12/31/2021	12/31/2020	12/31/2019	12/31/2018
Total pension liability				
Service Cost	\$ 11,232	\$ 6,898	\$ 7,440	\$ 6,910
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	6,305	5,571	4,756	4,011
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	463	(1,949)	144	(138)
Change of assumptions	-8		742	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee				
contributions	(2,149)	(1,477)	-	-
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	15,851	9,043	13,082	10,783
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	88,869	79,826	66,744	55,961
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 104,720	\$ 88,869	\$ 79,826	\$ 66,744
Diag Fisherian Nan Partition				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - Employer	\$ 8,261	\$ 5,402	\$ 5,491	\$ 5,173
Contributions - Employee	8,344	5,501	5,568	5,227
Net Investment Income	11,089	5,332	7,915	(1,257)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee				
contributions	(2,149)	(1,477)	ä	Ξ.
Administrative Expense	(51)	(34)	(44)	(24)
Other	-	(1)	(1)	(1)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	25,495	14,722	18,929	9,118
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	84,448	69,726	50,798	41,680
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$ 109,943	\$ 84,448	\$ 69,726	\$ 50,798
Net Densien Liebility Fording (a) (b)	/F 222\	4 424	10 100	15.046
Net Pension Liability Ending (a)-(b)	(5,223)	4,421	10,100	15,946
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage				
of Total Pension Liability	104.99%	95.03%	87.35%	76.11%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 166,890	\$ 110,011	\$ 111,370	\$ 104,544
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of				
Covered Employee Payroll	3.13%	4.02%	9.07%	15.25%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last 10 Year (will ultimately be displayed)

\$ 7,558 \$ 6,421 \$ 6,820 \$ 1,867 3,251 2,742 2,074 1,654 22,692 765 (1,889) 189 - - 2,410 - - (593) 11,574 6,681 11,493 26,213 44,387 37,706 26,213 - \$ 55,961 \$ 44,387 \$ 37,706 \$ 26,213 \$ 55,961 \$ 44,387 \$ 37,706 \$ 26,213 - (593) (19) (11) (3) - (19) (11) (3) - (11) (1) 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999	_12	/31/2017	_12	/31/2016	12	/31/2015	12	/31/2014
3,251 2,742 2,074 1,654 - - - 22,692 765 (1,889) 189 - - - 2,410 - - (593) - - 11,574 6,681 11,493 26,213 44,387 37,706 26,213 - \$ 55,961 \$ 44,387 \$ 37,706 \$ 26,213 \$ 6,076 \$ 5,236 \$ 5,841 \$ 1,599 6,125 5,289 5,900 1,615 3,606 1,016 5 - - (593) - - (19) (11) (3) - (19) (11) (3) - 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999								
3,251 2,742 2,074 1,654 - - - 22,692 765 (1,889) 189 - - - 2,410 - - (593) - - 11,574 6,681 11,493 26,213 44,387 37,706 26,213 - \$ 55,961 \$ 44,387 \$ 37,706 \$ 26,213 \$ 6,076 \$ 5,236 \$ 5,841 \$ 1,599 6,125 5,289 5,900 1,615 3,606 1,016 5 - - (593) - - (19) (11) (3) - (19) (11) (3) - 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999	\$	7.558	Ś	6.421	Ś	6.820	Ś	1.867
765 (1,889) 189 - - 2,410 - - 2,410 - - (593) - - 11,574 6,681 11,493 26,213 44,387 37,706 26,213 - \$ 55,961 \$ 44,387 \$ 37,706 \$ 26,213 \$ 6,076 \$ 5,236 \$ 5,841 \$ 1,599 6,125 5,289 5,900 1,615 3,606 1,016 5 - - (593) - - (19) (11) (3) - (19) (11) (3) - 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999	T.	1.5	*		Ψ.	-	Ψ.	
765 (1,889) 189 - 2,410 - - - 11,574 6,681 11,493 26,213 44,387 37,706 26,213 - \$ 55,961 \$ 44,387 \$ 37,706 \$ 26,213 \$ 6,076 \$ 5,236 \$ 5,841 \$ 1,599 6,125 5,289 5,900 1,615 3,606 1,016 5 - - (593) - - (19) (11) (3) - (1) (1) - - 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999		-				-,0		
- (593) - - 11,574 6,681 11,493 26,213 44,387 37,706 26,213 - \$ 55,961 \$ 44,387 \$ 37,706 \$ 26,213 \$ 6,076 \$ 5,236 \$ 5,841 \$ 1,599 6,125 5,289 5,900 1,615 3,606 1,016 5 - - (593) - - (19) (11) (3) - (1) (1) - - 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999		765		(1,889)		189		
- (593) - - 11,574 6,681 11,493 26,213 44,387 37,706 26,213 - \$ 55,961 \$ 44,387 \$ 37,706 \$ 26,213 \$ 6,076 \$ 5,236 \$ 5,841 \$ 1,599 6,125 5,289 5,900 1,615 3,606 1,016 5 - - (593) - - (19) (11) (3) - (1) (1) - - 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999		_		-				-
11,574 6,681 11,493 26,213 44,387 37,706 26,213 - \$ 55,961 \$ 44,387 \$ 37,706 \$ 26,213 \$ 6,076 \$ 5,236 \$ 5,841 \$ 1,599 6,125 5,289 5,900 1,615 3,606 1,016 5 - - (593) - - (19) (11) (3) - (1) (1) - - 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999								
44,387 37,706 26,213 - \$ 55,961 \$ 44,387 \$ 37,706 \$ 26,213 \$ 6,076 \$ 5,236 \$ 5,841 \$ 1,599 6,125 5,289 5,900 1,615 3,606 1,016 5 - - (593) - - (19) (11) (3) - (1) (1) - - 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999		-		(593)		1-		-
\$ 55,961 \$ 44,387 \$ 37,706 \$ 26,213 \$ 6,076 \$ 5,236 \$ 5,841 \$ 1,599 6,125 5,289 5,900 1,615 3,606 1,016 5 - - (593) - - (19) (11) (3) - (1) (1) - - 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999		11,574		6,681		11,493		26,213
\$ 6,076 \$ 5,236 \$ 5,841 \$ 1,599 6,125 5,289 5,900 1,615 3,606 1,016 5 - - (593) (19) (11) (3) - (1) (1) 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999	_	44,387		37,706		26,213		
6,125 5,289 5,900 1,615 3,606 1,016 5 - - (593) - - (19) (11) (3) - (1) (1) - - 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999	\$	55,961	\$	44,387	\$	37,706	\$	26,213
6,125 5,289 5,900 1,615 3,606 1,016 5 - - (593) - - (19) (11) (3) - (1) (1) - - 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999								
6,125 5,289 5,900 1,615 3,606 1,016 5 - - (593) - - (19) (11) (3) - (1) (1) - - 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999								
6,125 5,289 5,900 1,615 3,606 1,016 5 - - (593) - - (19) (11) (3) - (1) (1) - - 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999		6.076						
3,606 1,016 5 - - (593) - - (19) (11) (3) - (1) (1) - - 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999	\$		\$		\$		\$	
- (593) (19) (11) (3) (11) (11) (11) (15,787) 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 (14,680) \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999						51		1,615
(19) (11) (3) - (1) (1) - - 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999		3,606		1,016		5		-
(19) (11) (3) - (1) (1) - - 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999		-		(593)		:=		-
(1) (1) - - 15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999		(19)		6 . 9		(3)		_
15,787 10,936 11,743 3,214 25,893 14,957 3,214 - \$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999		\$1 151				-		-
\$ 41,680 \$ 25,893 \$ 14,957 \$ 3,214 14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999	-				Ø 32	11,743	-	3,214
14,281 18,494 22,749 22,999		25,893		14,957		3,214		_
	\$	41,680	\$	25,893	\$	14,957	\$	3,214
	-							
74.400/		14,281		18,494		22,749		22,999
74.400/								
		7.4.4004		50.330/		00.000		
74.48% 58.55% 39.67% 105.94%		74.48%		58.33%		39.67%		105.94%
\$ 122,500 \$ 105,778 \$ 117,999 \$ 217,976	¢.	122 500	ς.	105 778	¢	117 000	¢.	217 976
\$ 122,500 \$ 105,110 \$ 111,555 \$ 211,510	Ψ.	122,500	Ψ.	100,770	7	111,333	٠, ٢	211,370
11.66% 17.48% 19.28% 12.26%		11.66%		17.48%		19.28%		12.26%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Year (will ultimately be displayed)

	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 9,398	\$ 5,402	\$ 5,491	\$ 5,173	\$ 6,076
determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	9,398	5,402	5,491	5,173	6,076
Covered Employee payroll	\$ 166,890	\$ 110,011	\$ 111,370	\$ 104,544	\$ 122,500
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	5.63%	4.91%	4.93%	4.95%	4.96%

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date:

Notes

Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January 13 months later.

rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Preretirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates

Methods and Assumptions used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method **Entry Age Normal** Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed **Amortization Method** Remaining Amortization Period 8 years Asset Valuation Method 10 year smoothed market, 12% soft corridor Inflation 2.50% Salary Increases 3.5% to 11.5% including inflation Investment Rate of Return 6.75% Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of Retirement Age benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014 - 2018 Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The Mortality

are projected on a fully generationalbasis with scale UMP.

Notes

Other Information:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Year (will ultimately be displayed)

9/	30/2017	9/	30/2016	9/3	30/2015
\$	5,236	\$	5,841	\$	4,331
_	5,236		5,841		4,331
\$ 1	105,778	\$ 1	17,999	\$ 1	.08,762
	4.95%		4.95%		3.98%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OTHER POST EMPLOYEMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last 10 Years (will ultimately be displayed)

Total OPEB liability	12/	31/2021	12/	31/2020	12/	31/2019	12/3	1/2018	12/	31/2017
Service Cost	\$	1,802	\$	275	\$	323	\$	251	\$	257
Interest on Total OPEB Liability Changes of benefit terms		58 -		45 -		43		41		31 -
Difference between expected and actual experience		(73)		(140)		(200)		(332)		-
Change in assumptions or other inputs		190		304		360		(96)		143
Benefit payments*		-		-		-		-		-
Net change in OPEB Liability		1,977	D	484		526		(136)		431
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		1,995		1,511		985		1,121		690
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	3,972	\$	1,995	\$	1,511	\$	985	\$	1,121
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	166,890	\$ 1	10,011	\$ 1	11,370	\$ 1	04,544	\$ '	122,500
OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		2.38%		1.81%		1.36%		0.94%		0.92%

^{*} Membership counts for inactive employees currently receiving or entitled to but not yet receiving benefits will differ from GASB 68 as they include only those eligible for the SDBF benefit (i.e. excludes beneficiaries, non-vested terminations due a refund, etc)

^{**} Due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF CITY'S OTHER POST EMPLYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Fiscal Years (will ultimately be displayed)

9/30/2022 9/30	2 9/30/2021 501 \$ 914 - \$ - - \$ - - \$ 110,011 8% 0.83%	9/30/2021 9/3	9/30/7	9/30/2021 9/3	9/30/2021 9/30/2020 9/30/2 1 \$ 914 \$ 889 \$ 1 \$ 914 \$ 889 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5
	914 914 - 10,011 0.83%	\(\tau \)	\(\tau \)	4 \$ 889 \$ 44 \$ 889 \$ 44 \$ 889 \$ 44 \$ 44	4 \$ 889 \$ 721 \$ 4 \$ 889 \$ 1721 \$ 4 \$ 889 \$ 2721 \$ 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date:

The total OPEB liability shown in this report is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2019 and a measurement date of December 31, 2019: as such, no roll-forward is required.

Other Information:

Notes

There were no benefit changes during the year.

CITY OF LEFORS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Last 10 Years Ended September 30,	Tax Rate	Assessed/Appraised Value for Tax Purposes	Beginning Balance October 1,	Current Year's Total Levy	Maintenance Collections	Entire Year's Adjustments	Ending Balance September 30,
2012 & PRIOR	Various	Various	\$ 1,043 \$,	σ,	\$ (646) \$	\$
2013	0.2500	6,311,474	292		ï	(257)	34
2014	0.2500	6,384,600	398	E	ï	(257)	141
2015	0.2500	6,470,700	178	1	41	612	137
2016	0.2500	5,921,210	206	1	43	1	163
2017	0.2500	6,102,500	270	,	24	1	246
2018	0.2500	6,056,543	272		24		247
2019	0.9900	6,353,610	355		120		235
2020	0.9900	7,072,410	2,033	,	411	1	1,622
2021	0.9900	7,177,110	4,329	,	2,027	•	2,302
2022 (Fiscal year under audit)	0.9900	7,445,900		70,725	66,520	(36)	4,169
		**	\$ 9,375 \$	70,725	\$ 69,209	\$ (1,499)	\$ 9,391

Foster, Lambert & Foard, L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

Denise Foster C.P.A. Tracy Lambert C.P.A. April Foard C.P.A. 330 Main, P.O. Box 7 Childress, Texas 79201 940-937-8681

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Lefors, Texas Lefors, Texas 79054

Members of the City Council:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lefors, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Lefors Texas' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Lefors, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Lefors, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Lefors, Texas' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Lefors, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Laster Lambert : Loard UC

Foster, Lambert & Foard, L.L.C. March 23, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

I. Summary of the Auditor's Results:

Financial Statements:

- Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified.
- Internal control over financial reporting:
 - o Material weakness(es) identified: None.
 - Significant deficiencies(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: None reported.
- Noncompliance material to financial statements noted: None.

Federal Awards:

- Internal control over major programs:
 - o Material weakness(es) identified: Not applicable.
 - Significant deficiencies(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: Not applicable.
- Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Not applicable.
- Audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with CFR Section 200.516(a): Not applicable.
- Identification of major programs: None.
- Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.
- Auditee qualification as a low-risk auditee: Not applicable.

II. Financial Statement Findings:

None.

III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs:

Not applicable.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

N/A